# Hokkaido Hamatonbetsu Land 110 Tsubo Contribute to Decarbonization

~Blessing of Nature • **Environment Protection~** 



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### **Land Overview**

Address: 2506 Moutsunai, Hamatombetsu-cho, Esashi-gun, Hokkaido

Access: Around 80 minutes from Wakkanai airport by car (Approx. 82km)

Available Area: 3,652,247.00m (Approx. 1,100,000 Tsubo)

Equal to 80 Tokyo Dome • 7 Tokyo Disneyland

Land's legal status : Ownership

Terrain: Flat & hilly land (height difference: 30m)

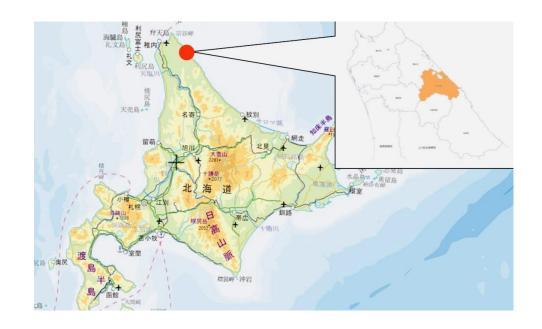
Land classification: Mountain Forest (Natural forest/Wildland)

Road: Public road (town road) Length: 4 km Width: 6.0 m

City planning: Outside the city planning area (forest area)

Other legal restrictions: unspecified

Owner: Hokkaido Green Industry







**※1Tsubo ≒** 3.3 m<sup>2</sup>

# Geography / Climate

### **▼**Geography

Located in the eastern part of the Soya General Promotion Bureau. The eastern bank at latitude 45 degree of North faces the Sea of Okhotsk. Mountains spread out in the western and southern parts of the town.

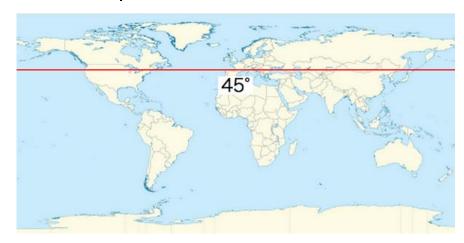
Mountain: Shubundake (761m) River: Tonbetsu, Toyokanbetsu

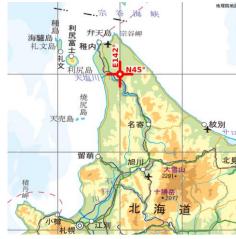
Lake: Kutcharo

Adjacent municipality
Soya General Promotion Bureau

Esashi-gun: Esashi-cho, Nakatombetsu-cho

Soya-gun: Sarufutsu Village Teshio-gun: Horonobe-cho





#### **▼**Climate

There have drift ice berths every Winter but the temperature rarely drop below -20deg.C due to the oceanic climate. Summers are generally cool and maximum temperatures rarely exceed 25deg.C. The winds are mostly east-northeast and southwest in early spring and autumn, and the coastal monsoons are stronger than other regions. Snow cover begins in late November every year, reaching a depth of 1m to 1.5m in urban areas, with strong winds and frequent snowstorms. The snowmelt season begins from late March.

Hamatombetsu's AMeDAS (Automated Meteorological Data Acquisition System) started statistics in April 1976. The maximum temperature is 33.6deg.C (July 27, 1989). The extreme value of the lowest temperature is -27.4deg.C (January 30, 1984). The average number of winter days is 160.6 days, midwinter days 85.3 days, summer days 21.1 days, midsummer days 1.8 days, and tropical nights 0.1 days. Tropical nights have recorded a minimum temperature of 25.3deg.C twice in the past (August 6, 2010, August 7, 1994). Precipitation is high from July to November. There are many snowy or rainy days from October to February, and less sunshine hours from November to January. The maximum wind speed is 17.0 m/s (wind direction: west-southwest, April 19, 1979), and the maximum instantaneous wind speed is 30.7 m/s (wind direction: south-southwest, October 2, 2015, October 2008).

### Hamatonbetsu Town, Full Of Nature

















# Summer





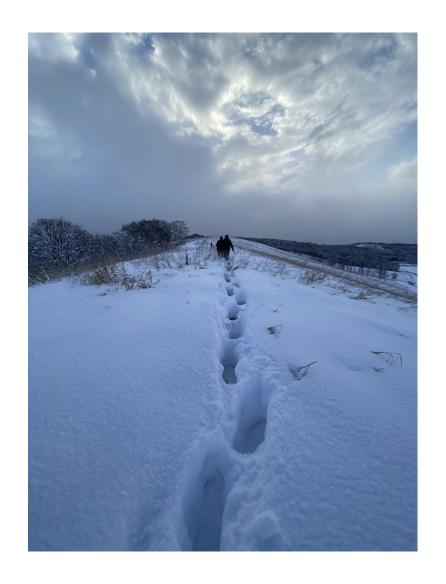




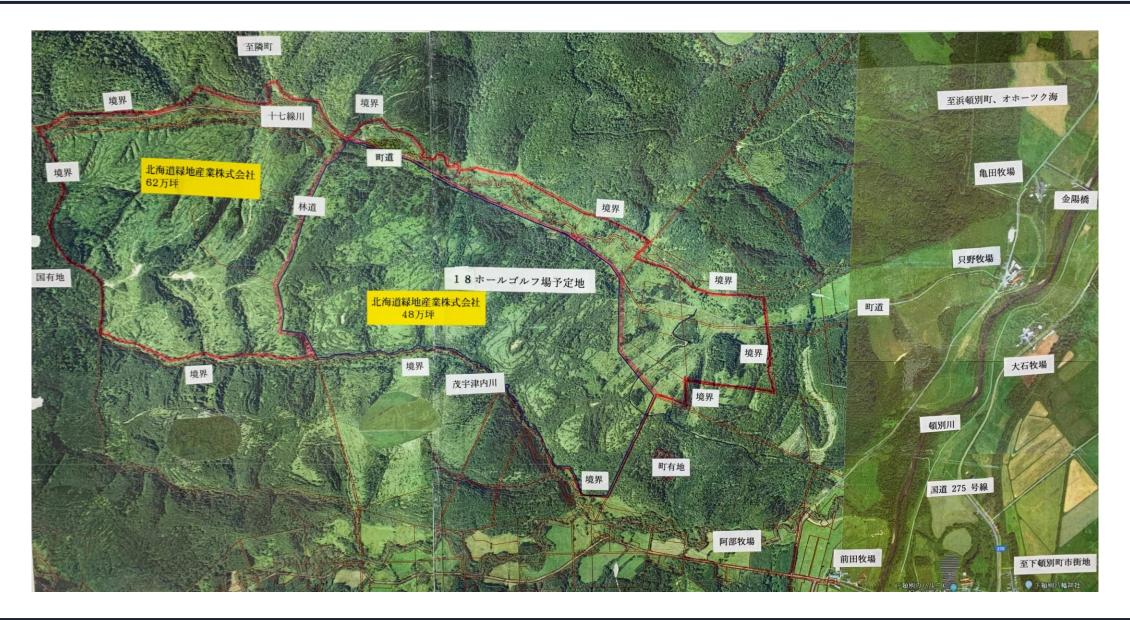
# Winter







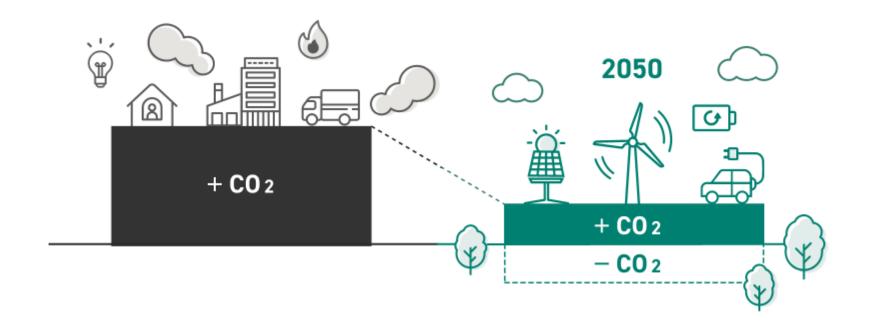
# Satellite Image



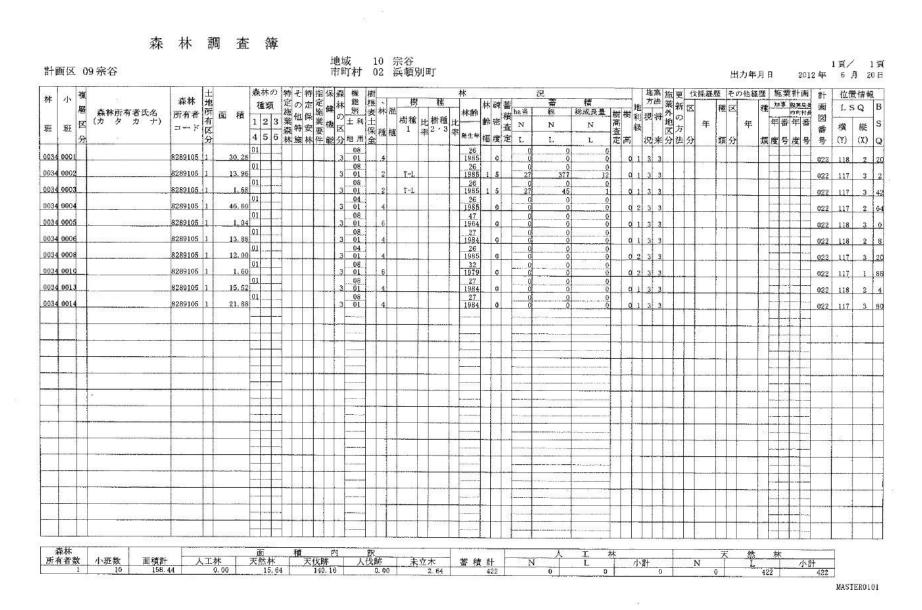
### **About Carbon Neutral**

### Carbon neutral means balancing greenhouse gas emissions and absorption

- ♦ In October 2020, the government declared that it would aim for carbon neutrality, which would eliminate greenhouse gas emissions as a whole by 2050
- ◆ "Zero emission" refers to achieving an overall balance between greenhouse gas emissions produced and absorption by activities such as afforestation.
- ♦ In order to achieve carbon neutrality, it is necessary to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and to preserve and strengthen absorption.

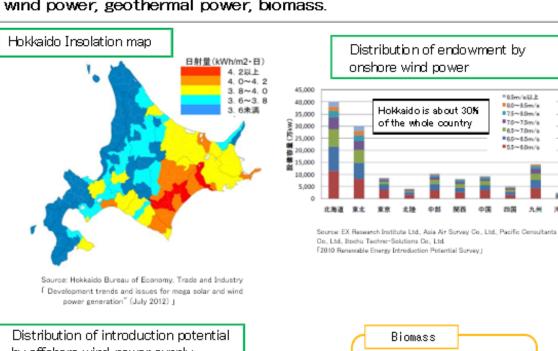


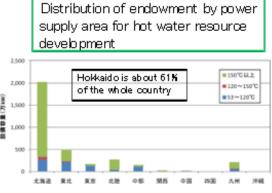
# Forest survey (currently being updated)



### Hokkaido's renewable energy endowment

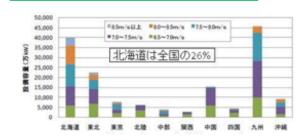
Hokkaido's onshore wind power accounts for about 30% of the national total, and geothermal power generation accounts for about 61%. It has abundant reserves of renewable energy such as solar power. wind power, geothermal power, biomass.

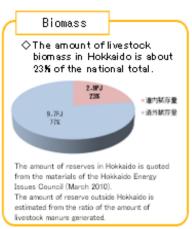


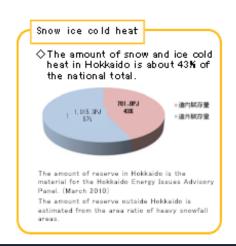


Source: EX Research Institute Ltd. Asia Air Survey Co. Ltd. Pacific Consultants Co., Ltd., Itochu Techno-Solutions Co., Ltd. [2010 Renewable Energy Introduction Potential Survey]

by offshore wind power supply

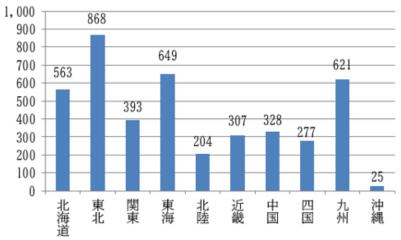






### **Endowment of water resources in Hokkaido**

◆Japan's water resources reserve (average: 423.5 billion m3/year)

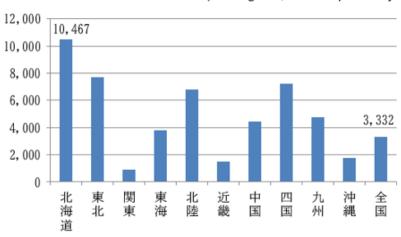


 The resource reserve is the value obtained by subtracting the amount of water lost due to evaporation from the amount of precipitation multiplied by the area, and the average annual water resource reserve is the average value from 1986 to 2015.

Source: According to a survey by the Water Resources Department of the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism.

(100 million m3/year)

◆ Water resource reserve (average: 3,332 m3/person/year)



Source: Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism Water Resources Department

#### Part of the groundwater quality measurement result table (2019)

Number	8	9		1	Г	1	Г	1		1	f	1	r	1
Business Entity	Asahikawa	Asahikawa	Ho	kkaido	T	Hokkaido	Г	Hokkaido	-	łokkaido	ī	Hokkaido	П	łokkaido
Municipality Name	Asahi kawa	Asahikawa	T	akasu	Hi	gashikagur a	-			Rumoi	Har	natonbetsu	ľ	Okoppe
District Name	Kyokushin	Midorigaoka		Kita	Г	Kita	Г	Kita	Ī	ogeshita	Г	Shanai	Г	Okoppe
Analytical Institution	Consignment	Consignment	Cons	ignment	C	onsignment	Co	onsignment	Co	nsignment	Сo	nsignment	Сa	nsignment
Well Depth (m)	40	Not Clear	Not	Clear	Г	15	Г	15	Г	3	N	ot Clear	N	ot Clear
Shallow · Deep Well	Deep	Not Clear	Sh	allov	Г	Shallow	Г	Deep	Г	Shallo	N	ot Clear	N	ot Clear
Use	General	Drinking		Others		General		General		General	Г	General	Г	General
Water Sampling Date	R1. 8. 14	R1.8.13		R1. 6. 19		R1. 6. 19		R1.6.19		R1. 6. 20		R1.6.18		R1. 6. 4
Water Temp (deg. C)	13.0	14.5		15.6	Г	13.6		13.4		13.5	Г	10.5	Г	9.6
PH	6.8	6.5		8.4	Г	6.5	Г	6.8		6.8	Г	6.6	Г	5. 4
EC(mS/m)	15	20		17		24		17		42	Г	11	Г	13
Cadmium	<0.0003	<0.0003	П	<b>40.0003</b>	Г	<0.0003		<0.0003		<0.0003	Г	<0.0003	Г	<0.0003
All Cyan	<0.1	<0.1		<0.1		<0.1		<0.1		<0.1		<0.1		<0.1
Lead	<0.005	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005
Hexavalent Chronium	<0.04	<0.04		<0.02		<0.02		<0.02		<0.02		<0.02		<0.02
Arsenic	<0.005	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	L	<0.005
Total Mercury	<0.0005	<0.0005	.	<b>(0.0005</b>		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005
Alkyl Mercury	-	-		-		-		-		ı		-		ı
PCB	-	-		<b>40.0005</b>		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005
Dichloromethane	<0.002	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002
Carbon Tetrachloride	<0.0002	<0.0002	-	<b>30.0002</b>		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	L	<0.0002
Chloroethylene	<0.0002	<0.0002	•	<b>40.0002</b>		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	ı	<0.0002	ı	<0.0002
1,2-Dichloroethane	<0.0004	<0.0004	Ι.	O. 0004		<0.0004		<0.0004		<0.0004	Г	<0.0004		<0.0004
1, 1-Dichloroethylene	<0.01	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	Г	<0.01		<0.01
1,2-Dichloroethylene	<0.004	<0.004		<0.008		<0.008		<0.008		<0.008	Г	<0.008	Г	<0.008
Sys1,2 Dichloroethylene	<0.002	<0.002		<0.004		<0.004		<0.004		<0.004		<0.004		<0.004
Trans-1, 2 Dichloroethylene	<0.002	<0.002		<0.004		<0.004		<0.004		<0.004		<0.004	L	<0.004
1, 1, 1 Trichloroethane	<0.0005	<0.0005		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	L	<0.001
1, 1, 2 Trichloroethane	<0.0006	<0.0006	<u> </u>	<b>40.0006</b>	L	<0.0006		<0.0006		<0.0006	L	<0.0006	L	<0.0006
Trich lorethy lene	<0.002	<0.002	Ш	<0.001	L	<0.001	L	<0.001		<0.001	L	<0.001	L	<0.001
Tetrach lorethy lene	<0.0005	<0.0005	<u> </u>	<0.0005	L	<0.0005	L	<0.0005		<0.0005	L	<0.0005	L	<0.0005
1,3 Dichloropropene	-	_	-	<b>40.0002</b>	L	<0.0002	L	<0.0002		<0.0002	L	<0.0002	L	<0.0002
Thiran	-		-	<0.0006	L	<0.0006	L	<0.0006		<0.0006	L	<0.0006	L	<0.0006
Simazine	-	_	-	<b>40.0003</b>	L	<0.0003	L	<0.0003		<0.0003	L	<0.0003	L	<0.0003
Thiobencarb	-	-	-	<0.002	L	<0.002	L	<0.002	L	<0.002	L	<0.002	L	<0.002
Benzene	<0.001	<0.001	-	<0.001	L	<0.001	L	<0.001	L	<0.001	L	<0.001	L	<0.001
Selenium	-	<del>  -</del>	-	<0.002	L	<0.002	L	<0.002		<0.002	L	<0.002	L	<0.002
Nitrite Nitrogen	0.16	<0.055	0	0.27	0		0		0	0. 15	0	0.84	0	5.0
Nitrate Nitrogen	0.16	<0.05	Ш	0.26	L	5.9	L	2.9		0.15	L	0.84	L	5.0
Nitrite Nitrogen	<0.005	<0.005	Щ	0.017	L	<0.005	L	<0.005		<0.005	L	<0.005	L	<0.005
Fluorine	-		Ш	<0.1	L	<0.1	L	<0.1	0	0.1	L	<0.1	L	<0.1
Boron	-	-	Ш	<0.02	0		0	0.05	0	0.09	L	<0.02	L	<0.02
1,4 Dioxane	<0.005	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	L	<0.005	L	<0.005



# Hamatombetsu Biomass (2018)

Type	Facility	Rated Output (kW)	Installation Company	Installation Year			
Biomass Power	South Soya Green Center	100	South Soya Sanitary facility association	2003			
	Hamatonbetsu Wind Farm Power Plant	990 x 3	Local Company	2001			
Wind Power	Hamatonbetsu Wind Farm Power Plant	1,000	Local Company	2005			
	Municipal wind farm	990	Local Company	2001			
	Sub Total	4,960					
	Hamatonbetsu 1st Solar Power Plant	1,093	Local Company	2015			
Solar Power	Hamatonbetsu 2nd Solar Power Plant	1,030	Local Company	2016			
	Sub Total	2,123					
	Total	7,183					

# **Development Potential**

1. New energy business
Solar power generation, wind power generation,
biomass power generation, storage battery manufacturing, etc.

2. Ranch

Japanese beef ranch, dairy cow ranch, sheep ranch, horse training facility, dairy factory (Yotsuba Dairy already entered)

3. Farm

Farm in vinyl house is possible after soil improvement

- 4. PET bottle factory for drinking water PET bottle factory is possible using abundant groundwater
- 5. Tree planting
- \* In this case, 90% of all expenses will be borne by the government or local government.
- 6. Vehicle test

With the development of autonomous driving technology, new road for vehicle testing will be needed.

7. Comprehensive industrial resort Comprehensive leisure resort facility by combining all of the above 1 to 6 businesses











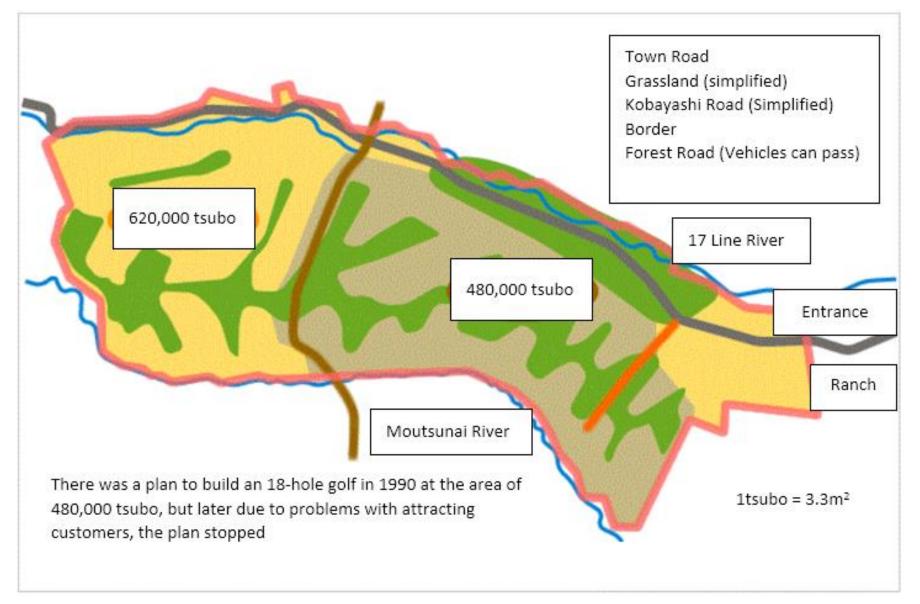








### **Development case**



So far, there was a PET bottle factory development plan from Hong Kong, China, and a solar power plant from Dalian, China, but the development plan was canceled due to various circumstances such as the spread of corona infection.

# Real Estate Survey Report and Comment

REAL ESTATE APPRAISED VALUE						
I. Valuation	438,000,000 Yen					

II. Real Estate detail				
Near Estate detail	Lot No.	Area	Status	Owner
	114-2	93.950m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	114-6	71,842m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	114-14	12,919m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	114-15	77,249m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	114-23	45,748m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	114-30	81,828m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
Tonbetsu, Hamatonbetsu-Cho,	114-52	25,907m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
Eshashi-Gun, Hokkaido	114-53	19,999m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2501	22,152m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2502	8,330m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2503	21,828m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2504	1,282m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2505	575m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2506	1.589.332m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2234-1	1,082,598m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2234-2	188,558m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2491	28,310m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2492	1.081m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2493	25,249m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2494	8,290m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2495	17.484m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2496	4,690m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2497	23,748m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	2498	23,038m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
Moutsunai, Hamatonbetsu-	2499	1.285m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
Cho, Eshashi-Gun, Hokkaido	2500	18,152m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	3781	55,259m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	3782	3,778m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	3783	6.119m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	3784	42,208m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	3785	5,038m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	3786	16,109m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	3787	2,968m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	3788	9,269m <sup>2</sup>	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	3789	11,699m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	3790	4,049m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
	3791	347m²	Natural Forest/Wild Land	Hokaido Ryokuchi Sangyo
Total	37 Lot	3,652,247m <sup>2</sup>	(1,104,805 tsubo)	

#### COMMENT

(Target real estate: Hamatombetsu-cho, Esashi-gun, Hokkaido)

Since there are few transaction cases for forests and hills in Hokkaido, it is necessary to grasp the price based on the opinions of local experts, with reference to public evaluation materials such as land price announcements and land price surveys. In the case of forest land, there are a price for using the forest land as a forest land and a price for using the forest land for other purpose, and it is very difficult to distinguish between them.

Based on the above situation, in this evaluation, we decided to evaluate the price with an emphasis on the content of hearings from local experts while taking into account public evaluation materials.

#### Contents interviewed by local experts

- 1. Market price of hills where the terrain is flat and can be converted to farms and ranches
- ¾ 1 tsubo = 3.3m²
  - (1) The recent market price is about 300 yen to 400 yen per tsubo.
  - (2) At the time of the bubble, is about 600 yen per tsubo.
- 2. Forest land with a strong slope and only for plantations
  - The recent market price is about 100 yen per tsubo.
  - (2) At the time of the bubble, about 200 yen per tsubo.

#### Public data

- The average property tax valuation of golf courses (Hokkaido, 2006) is about 2,000 yen per tsubo.
- (2) According to the 2015 land price survey, the following two places exceed 100 yen per 1m<sup>2</sup>.
- · Hokkaido (Forest) 20-1

307-1 Makomanai, Minami-ku, Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido

76,109m<sup>2</sup> area Evaluation (300 yen/m<sup>2</sup>)

· Hokkaido (Forest) 20-9

335-1 Asahi, Kutchan-cho, Abuta-gun, Hokkaido

82,201m<sup>2</sup> area Evaluation (210 yen/m<sup>2</sup>)

The target real estate, the land is about 1.1 million tsubo and has a gentle slope, and it has various uses. Considering the recent global warming and typhoon damage, there have a atractiveness of the land in Hokkaido which is relatively unaffected by global warming and typhoon. We assessed the targeted real estate price is about 400 yen per tsubo.

October 1, 2015 Real estate appraiser Makoto Ito



# **Related Ministries and Agencies**

Esashi Gun, Hamatonbetsu Office Ward

**〒**098-5792 1 Chuominami, Hamatombetsu-cho, Esashi-gun, Hokkaido

TEL: 01634-2-2345 FAX: 01634-2-4766

Opening hour: 8:30~17:15 < Monday to Friday >

─ Hokkaido Wakkanai Health Center, Hamatonbetsu Branch
 〒098-5704 3 Chuokita, Hamatombetsu-cho, Esashi-gun, Hokkaido
 TEL: 01634-2-0190
 ※Water quality inspection when manufacturing PET bottle



TEL: 0162-33-2516

Opening hour: 8:45~17:30 < Monday to Friday >

**X** When converting from forest area to ranch or solar power

Hokkaido Government

**〒**060-8588 6-chome, Kita 3-jo Nishi, Chuo-ku, Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido

TEL: 011-231-4111

Fisheries and Forestry Department Forest Conservation Section

(currently in charge: Mr. Kobayashi)

**X**Final settlement organization for document screening

TEL: 011-204-5511

Opening hour: 8:45~17:30 < Monday to Friday >











# Regarding the Price and Tax

# Price: 550,000,000YEN

Real estate acquisition tax: 198,300 yen (all 1.1 million tsubo)

Property tax: 93,200 yen per year (2023 year, all 1.1 million tsubo)

\* The tax amount will change if the land status changes (example: residential land, etc.)

Name change is about 350,000 yen in total (planned)

### **Remarks**

There is a possibility that subsidies and subsidies from the national and local governments can be obtained for water intake projects and new energy-related projects. However, because business license is required, then business is not possible unless the procedures such as submission and examination of each business plan have been completed.



★ Please kindly note that we do not guarantee the business license itself.